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PUBLISHED BY

Cruse Bereavement Care 126 Sheen Road Richmond, Surrey TW9 1UR, UK Telephone 020 8940 4818 Fax 020 8940 7638 Email

info@crusebereavementcare.org.uk

Bereavement Care is published three times a year in Spring, Summer and Winter.

All prices are inclusive of airmail postage. Payment may be made by cheque, money order or credit card (Mastercard, Eurocard, Access, Visa).

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Most back numbers available at £3.00 plus 35p postage (UK).

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Packs of selected articles from past issues, newly updated, grouped in themes are available from the publishers at prices from £2.85 to £6.50.



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Designed by Baseline Creative, Bath Printed by Doppler Press, Brentwood, Essex CM14 4RX TRAUMA AND LOSS

Like the blind men who each tried to describe an elephant, psychologists tend to develop theories which are limited to their own special areas of research and to ignore the larger picture. This is nowhere more apparent than in the related fields of trauma (or stress) and loss (or grief). Thus we

have studies of traumatic stress which emphasise the importance of fear and its consequences while studies of loss tend to emphasise the importance of grief.

More recently there has been an increased recognition of the extent to which

Those who aim to help bereaved people will be familiar with the feelings of insecurity, chaos, injustice, abandonment and loss of meaning which follow traumatic bereavements. It is our role to help to provide a secure base and a trusting relationship in which people can be helped, little by little, to review their basic assumptions and to develop a new view of the world, one which may be less ideal than the opti-

events

they

basic

mistic image that preceded it, but is nevertheless 'good enough'.

In this edition of Bereavement Care we include a paper by Gibson and Turnbull on the importance of early intervention after traumatic incidents

and an account by Bromberg of the Grief and Bereavement Centre in São Paulo, Brazil, where the majority of clients have suffered losses by violence. There are also reviews by Yule of When a Community Weeps edited by Zimmer and Williams, by Parkes of Traumatic and Nontraumatic Loss and Bereavement edited by Malkinson, Rubin and Eliezer, and by Newman of The Traumatology of Grieving, ed-

The editors welcome other contributions to our understanding of this important field.

ited by Figley and the new edition of

When Father Kills Mother by Harris-

Hendriks, Black and Kaplan.

1. Parkes C M. Psychosocial transitions: A field for study. Social Science and Medicine 1971; 5: 101-115. 2. Janoff-Bulman R. Shattered Assumptions: Towards a new psychology of trauma. New York: The Free Press, 1992.

Colin Murray Parkes

It is not fear that makes

psychologically harmful,

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just, caring and, ultimately,

way

traumatic

the

undermine our

meaningful place both types of life event bring about a need for people to undertake a major revision of their basic assumptions about the world. This concept, which was first described in Parkes' article on 'Psycho-social transitions' in 19711, has recently been further developed by Janoff-Bulman in her book Shattered Assumptions, published in 1996. She points out that it is not fear that makes traumatic events psychologically harmful, but the way they undermine our basic assumptions about the world as a safe, ordered, just, caring and, ultimately, meaningful place.